

Is osmosis in your lesson plan?

Learning landscapes are:

Applied learning opportunities

- Project-based, solution-oriented settings where tangible and uncontrived learning opportunities abound.

Examples of an intentional & healthy world

- Is your school environment an example of social and ecological health and sustainability?

Catalysts for critical thinking

- Complementing school guidelines, a learning landscape applies and reinforces the curriculum.

Complex, stimulating & diverse

- Have "problems" to be investigated and solved.
- Contact with elemental things: water, weather, soil, plants, animals, ecosystems, peers, teamwork.
- Varied in form, scale, texture, materials, organisms and spatial relationships.

Dynamic and directed

- Students and faculty have input and ownership helping to direct the future of the site within a context of ecological change.
- Choice oriented - users pick from an array of spaces.

Outdoor classrooms - edible landscapes - campus food gardens - therapeutic landscapes

Whole Systems Design

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Landscape Architecture + Ecology

Place = pedagogy.

What does your facility facilitate?

FACILITY. (fas·iliti).

2. a. *Unimpeded opportunity for doing something.*

See also *FACILITATE, FACULTY*



Botany, chemistry and cultural studies through radish production.

"It is possible... to organize landscapes to teach usefulness, practical competence, social responsibility, ecological skill, the values of good work, and the higher possibilities of adulthood..."

-Dr. David Orr

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Learning Landscapes by Design.